l Missach -	102.	Coord Tout	I DB	Time stam-
L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB USPAT:	Time stamp 2004/01/09 16:45
1	0	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or service adj level adj agreement) same protocol adj type adj	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/09 10.45
			IBM TDB	
2	l o	request (QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:46
2	"	service adj level adj agreement) same (protocol adj type adj	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/03 10:40
		request)	IBM_TDB	
3	0	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:54
3		service adj level adj agreement) and (protocol adj type adj	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/00 10:04
		request)	IBM TDB	
4	50	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT:	2004/01/09 17:50
·		service adj level adj agreement) and (type adj request)	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
8	0	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj platform\$4) same (type	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:49
		near3 request) and ((service or application) adj (classif\$9 or	US-PGPUB;	
		categor\$6)) and protocol\$2	IBM_TDB	
11	32	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj (platform\$4 or protocol))	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:50
		and (type near3 request) and ((service or application) adj	US-PGPUB;	
		(classif\$9 or categor\$6))	IBM_TDB	
5	2	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:56
		service adj level adj agreement) and (type adj request) same	US-PGPUB;	
		client same server	IBM_TDB	
12	245	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:55
		service adj level adj agreement) and (transaction or request	US-PGPUB;	
40	400	near4 type)	IBM_TDB	0004/04/00 40 55
13	136	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:55
		service adj level adj agreement) and ((transaction or request) near4 type)	US-PGPUB;	
15	0		IBM_TDB USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:55
13	١	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or service adj level adj agreement) and ((transaction or request)	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/09 10.55
		near4 type).ab.	IBM_TDB	
16	1	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (type adj request)	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:56
.0	,	same client same server	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/03 10:50
		dune dune derver	IBM_TDB	
18	98	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) and ((transaction or request)	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:57
		near4 type) same client same server	US-PGPUB;	2004/01/00 10:07
		7,60,0000000000000000000000000000000000	IBM_TDB	
20	1	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) and ((transaction or request)	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:50
		near4 type) same client same server.ab.	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
14	9	client same server same (QoS or quality adj of adj service)	USPAT;	2004/01/09 16:59
		same (service adj level or service adj level adj agreement) and	US-PGPUB;	
		((transaction or request) near4 type)	IBM_TDB	
21	0	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same (service adj level or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:03
		service adj level adj agreement) and (type adj request).ab.	US-PGPUB;	
	_		IBM_TDB	
6	2	client same server same (type near3 request) same ((service	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:03
		or application) adj (classif\$9 or categor\$6))	US-PGPUB;	
7	6	client same convergence (hims near) request) and (/acmiss as	IBM_TDB	2004/04/00 47:04
′	0	client same server same (type near3 request) and ((service or application) adj (classif\$9 or categor\$6)) and policy adj rule\$4	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:04
		application, and this silve of categories), and bolicy and fullent	US-PGPUB; IBM_TDB	
9	32	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj platform\$4) and (type	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:32
-	Ų2	near3 request) and ((service or application) adj (classif\$9 or	US-PGPUB;	2007/01/09 17.32
		categor\$6)) and protocol\$2	IBM TDB	
22	0	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj platform\$4) and (type	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:33
		near3 request) and ((service or application) adj (classif\$9 or	US-PGPUB;	200-101108 11.33
		categor\$6)) and (compati\$6 adj application)	IBM_TDB	
23	28	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj platform\$4) and (type	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:33
		near3 request) and ((service or application) adj (classif\$9 or	US-PGPUB;	
		categor\$6)) and (compati\$6 near4 application)	IBM_TDB	
10	32	((mixe\$4 or multiple or differrent) adj (platform\$4 or protocol))	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:34
		and (type near3 request) and ((service or application) adj	US-PGPUB;	
		(classif\$9 or categor\$6)) and protocol\$2	IBM_TDB	
19	16	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) same ((transaction or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:34
		request) near4 type) same client same server	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	<u></u>

			•	
17	13	(QoS or quality adj of adj service) and (type adj request) same	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:44
		client same server	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
24	44	((classif\$4 or categor\$6) adj (type adj4 (request\$4 or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:51
		transaction\$2)))	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
25	0	((classif\$4 or categor\$6) adj (type adj4 (request\$4 or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:51
		transaction\$2))) same client same server	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
26	17	((classif\$4 or categor\$6) adj (type adj4 (request\$4 or	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:55
		transaction\$2))) and client same server	US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
27	1	6212546.pn.	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:56
			US-PGPUB;	
			IBM_TDB	
28	1	6253248.pn.	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:56
			US-PGPUB;	•
			IBM_TDB	
29	1	5812768.pn.	USPAT;	2004/01/09 17:56
			US-PGPUB;	
			IBM TDB	

## **Patent Assignment Abstract of Title**

**Total Assignments: 1** 

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PCT #: NONE Publication #: NONE Pub Dt:

Inventors: Mike Edward Baskey, Roy Frank Brabson, Lap Thiet Hynh, Peter Bergersen Yocom

Title: Methods, systems and computer program products for server based type of service

classification of a communication request

Assignment: 1

**Reel/Frame:** 011463/0657 Received: Recorded: Mailed: Pages: 01/30/2001 01/11/2001 04/09/2001 6

Conveyance: ASSIGNMENT OF ASSIGNORS INTEREST (SEE DOCUMENT FOR DETAILS).

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BRABSON, ROY FRANK
HUYNH, LAP THIET
Exec Dt: 01/02/2001
Exec Dt: 01/02/2001

YOCOM, PETER BERGERSEN Exec Dt: 12/31/2000

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# The 7 Layers of the OSI Model

The OSI, or Open System Interconnection, model defines a networking framework for implementing protocols in seven layers. Control is passed from one layer to the next, starting at the application layer in one station, proceeding to the bottom layer, over the channel to the next station and back up the hierarchy.

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Application (Layer 7)

This layer supports <u>application</u> and end-user processes. Communication partners are identified, quality of service is identified, user <u>authentication</u> and privacy are considered, and any constraints on data <u>syntax</u> are identified. Everything at this layer is application-specific. This layer provides application services for fil transfers, <u>e-mail</u>, and other <u>network software</u> services, <u>Telnet</u> and <u>FTP</u> are applications that exist entirely in the application level. <u>Tiered application architectures</u> are part of this layer.

Presentation (Layer 6)

This layer provides independence from differences in data representation (e.g., encryption) by translating from application to network format, and vice versa. The presentation layer works to transform data into the form that the application layer can accept. This layer formats and encrypts data to be sent across a network, providing freedom from compatibility problems. It is sometimes called the *syntax layer*.

Session (Layer 5)

This layer establishes, manages and terminates connections betwee applications. The session layer sets up, coordinates, and terminates conversations, exchanges, and dialogues between the applications each end. It deals with session and connection coordination.

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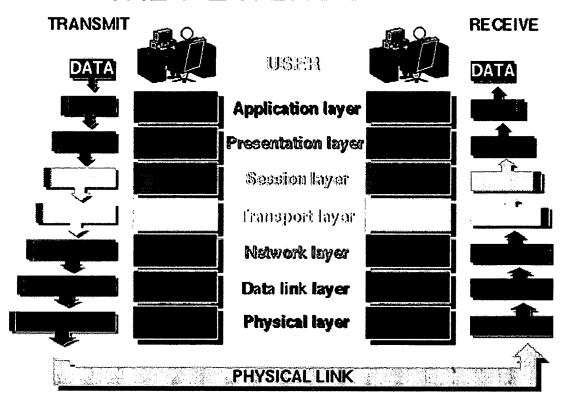
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Transport (Layer 4)	This layer provides <u>transparent</u> transfer of data between end system or hosts, and is responsible for end-to-end error recovery and <u>flow control</u> . It ensures complete data transfer.	
Network (Layer 3)	This layer provides switching and routing technologies, creating logical paths, known as virtual circuits, for transmitting data from node to node. Routing and forwarding are functions of this layer, a well as addressing, internetworking, error handling, congestion control and packet sequencing.	
Data Link (Layer 2)	At this layer, data packets are encoded and decoded into bits. It furnishes transmission protocol knowledge and management and handles errors in the physical layer, flow control and frame synchronization. The data link layer is divided into two sublayers: The Media Access Control (MAC) layer and the Logical Link Control (LLC) layer. The MAC sublayer controls how a computer the network gains access to the data and permission to transmit it. The LLC layer controls frame synchronization, flow control and error checking.	
Physical (Layer 1)	This layer conveys the <u>bit</u> stream - electrical impulse, light or radio signal through the network at the electrical and mechanical level It provides the <u>hardware</u> means of sending and receiving data on a carrier, including defining cables, <u>cards</u> and physical aspects. <u>Fast Ethernet</u> , <u>RS232</u> , and <u>ATM</u> are protocols with physical layer components.	

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# THE 7 LAYERS OF OSI



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